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                   IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
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                  FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA
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    BLACK EMERGENCY RESPONSE TEAM,
    et al.,
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                 Plaintiffs,
                                             CASE NO. CIV-21-1022-G
 6
    VS.
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    GENTNER DRUMMOND, et al.,
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                 Defendants.
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               TRANSCRIPT OF TELEPHONIC STATUS CONFERENCE
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                  BEFORE THE HONORABLE CHARLES GOODWIN
14
                      UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
15
                             JANUARY 25, 2022
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    Proceedings recorded by mechanical stenography; transcript
    produced by computer-aided transcription.
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         (Proceedings held January 25, 2022.)
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               THE COURT: All right. Good afternoon, everyone.
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    This is Judge Goodwin.
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         The Court calls the case of Black Emergency Response Team,
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    et al., vs. John O'Connor, et al. It's Case No. CIV-21-1022,
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    here in the United States District Court for the Western
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    District of Oklahoma.
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         I'll have counsel make their appearances. Let's start
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    with the plaintiffs. Who do we have on the line? Anyone here
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    for the plaintiffs?
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               MS. LAMBERT: Meagan Lambert for the plaintiffs.
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               THE COURT:
                           I'm sorry. Would you state that again?
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               MS. LAMBERT: Yes. Meagan Lambert for plaintiffs.
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               THE COURT: All right. Anyone else?
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               MS. WATSON: Leah Watson for plaintiffs.
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               MS. TORRES: Genevieve Bonadies Torres for
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    plaintiffs.
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                (Inaudible) for the plaintiffs.
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               MR. STEIN: Gary Stein from Schulte, Roth & Zabel
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    for the plaintiffs. Good afternoon, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Anyone else for the plaintiffs?
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         (No response.)
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               THE COURT: All right. For the defendants, who do
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    we have on the line?
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               MR. WEST: Jack West with the attorney general's
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1 office for -- to say in short, for defendants 1-18. 2 MR. FERGUSON: Andy Ferguson from the attorney 3 general's office in that same capacity. THE COURT: Anyone else for the defendants? 4 5 Yes, Your Honor. Dan Weitman and MR. WEITMAN: 6 Tina Ikpa for the OU Regents. 7 And Andy Fugitt and Justin Cliburn for MR. FUGITT: 8 the Edmond Public School defendants, Your Honor. 9 THE COURT: All right. Anyone else on the line? 10 (No response.) 11 THE COURT: Okay. Let's start by going through 12 just some general guidelines for telephonic conferences. I 13 know that we have all gotten at least more acquainted with how 14 these should proceed, but let's go through the guidelines 15 anyway. 16 First, because this is being recorded by a reporter, I'll 17 have you state your name every time you begin speaking. 18 even if you stated it before, I want you to say it again each 19 time you address the Court. 20 Second, I would ask that anyone who's on a speakerphone, 21 if you want to give it a shot, that's fine. I will tell you 22 that, generally speaking, it's almost always the case that

using the phone's handset rather than the speakerphone makes a

we'll certainly be able to hear you better if you actually use

definite difference on the quality of the communication, and

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the handset, unless you have a speakerphone with a really good microphone.

Third, I would ask, if you're not speaking, please mute your line. And I can already hear some background noise, and so putting your line on mute will hopefully help with that.

Fourth, if you are ever unable to hear me or any other speaker, then shout out, let us know, and we'll do what we can to resolve the issue.

Beyond that, I just say that, in general, when presenting argument by phone, it's particularly important to speak slowly and deliberately and loudly. I want you to resist the urge to talk as if you're in a normal phone conversation and fall into the habits that I think we all have in speaking on the phone. Given the context and the fact that this is being recorded by a reporter, we certainly need you to speak a little bit more slowly and deliberately than you would otherwise.

So let's proceed. I'll tell you my view of the purpose of this status conference, and then I'll certainly allow counsel to present whatever they need to as we go along. But from my standpoint, after several unopposed extensions, it appears that — now that plaintiffs' motion for preliminary injunction is fully briefed.

I do note that there are evidentiary objections raised through, I think we have two motions to strike, and the briefs are still coming in on one of those motions. But other than

that, it appears that the motion for preliminary injunction is fully briefed. And so I wanted to hold a status conference now on the procedural issues that we need to address about how the motion will be presented and decided that involves some issues about, in particular, whether we need to have a hearing, an evidentiary hearing, and what the nature of that hearing would be.

So let's start with the plaintiffs' counsel. I don't know if there's one attorney in particular that's going to address the issues for the plaintiffs. It would certainly be useful if -- if we can narrow the presentation to just one attorney for each side, but I'll give you some discretion on that.

So who'd like to speak for the plaintiffs?

MR. SYKES: Your Honor, this is Emerson Sykes for the ACLU -- from the ACLU national on behalf of all plaintiffs.

THE COURT: All right. Very good.

Well, tell me -- let me ask you about one threshold issue, and that's the motions to dismiss. What's your view as to the timing of a decision on those motions as compared to the motion for preliminary injunction? That is, do the motions to dismiss need to be decided before any hearing? Do they need to be decided at the same time that the Court determines the preliminary injunction matters? What is plaintiff's position on that?

MR. SYKES: Thank you, Your Honor.

I think we would like to get a decision, you know, on all of the pending motions as soon as possible.

THE COURT: I'll tell you right now, I can generally hear you, but the quality is not great.

MR. SYKES: Sorry. Is this better?

THE COURT: That is better.

MR. SYKES: Okay. I'll try to speak slowly and clearly and loudly.

THE COURT: Good.

MR. SYKES: I don't think that you need to wait or need to order them particularly in terms of the motion for preliminary injunction because the motions to dismiss came from the Oklahoma University defendants and the Edmond Public School defendants, but the state defendants, the AG and the state Board of Ed and the State Board of Regents and the governor did not move to dismiss.

So I think the questions before the Court with regard to the preliminary injunction are -- would remain, however the Court finds on the motions to dismiss.

THE COURT: Let me ask plaintiffs this question.

And before I do, I'll emphasize that you have the right to assert your lawsuit as you want. I'm not trying to tell you or coerce you into any point of view of -- I do wonder, now that you have seen those motions to dismiss, are there -- and those motions raise standing issues and they raise questions about

who is a proper defendant to this lawsuit. Is there an amended complaint that you might be willing to file that would resolve some or all of those questions? That is, now that you have had the benefit of seeing the -- the legal issues and -- and responding to those as far as all of the various defendants that you have included in the lawsuit, do you think that you can narrow it in any way that might obviate some of those issues?

MR. SYKES: Thanks, Your Honor.

We stand behind the briefing that we -- you know, in opposition to the motion to dismiss. We think that we properly named all of the defendants in their official capacities. And so in that way, I think we rest on the papers.

We have been in touch with defendants' counsel and have been talking especially with the Edmond Public Schools about addressing the particular issues -- they raised a number of issues -- but the issue around whether it would be better or preferable to name the district rather than the members of the board in their official capacity.

So on that particular issue, it's -- you know, the -- again, we don't think that there's any problem with the way we pleaded the case. If defendants are willing to stipulate that they would not raise an objection if we named, for example, the district rather than the board members in their official capacity, and the Court, you know, felt fit to give us leave to

amend the complaint in that regard, we don't have any particular objection to doing that, just noting that, as I said a few times, the -- we do think that we properly pled the case up to this point.

THE COURT: All right. I think the more efficient way to proceed is I'm going to ask my other questions of counsel for the plaintiffs, and then we'll hear from the defendants as to all of these issues.

So my next question is, really, is an evidentiary hearing needed to decide your motion? And if so, what would be the nature of that hearing? So the threshold question, though, is do you think that you need to present evidence at the hearing or stand solely on the briefs as they're submitted?

MR. SYKES: Thanks, Your Honor. I think we do not have any particular plans to request an evidentiary hearing. We don't think it's necessary, with the caveat that there are outstanding questions as to some of the evidence that we submitted. And depending how the Court decides to review or not review that evidence, you know, we may have to re-evaluate our plans, but at this point we don't see a particular need for an evidentiary hearing at this point.

THE COURT: All right. Well, let me hear then from counsel for the defendants. And I understand that we have some different defendant groups. If there was one attorney who can speak for the full set of defendants, that would be preferable,

but I understand that they -- that may not be what the parties choose given their different entities and interests involved.

So who would speak for the defendants?

MR. WEST: Your Honor, this is Zach West again with the attorney general's office. I will start off, although I do suspect, or expect, I guess, that the OU and Edmond defendants counsels will also probably -- will want to speak, especially since I think your first question applies more to them than it would to us as to our position on when the motions to dismiss would be heard.

THE COURT: All right. Well, Mr. West, tell me a little bit about those threshold questions. I mean, first it was how the motions to dismiss play into the preliminary injunction hearing schedule. And so for the state defendants who have no motion to dismiss, do you have any concern or position on that?

MR. WEST: No. I think our position on that, Your Honor, would just be neutral. Obviously, we have not yet filed a motion to dismiss or a motion on the pleadings. And so for our defendants, I'm not sure it would — it would make a difference either way. So I don't know that we have a preference either way on which or what is necessarily resolved first.

THE COURT: All right. Beyond that, Mr. West, what's the state defendant's position as to the need for an

evidentiary hearing and what would be the nature of that hearing?

MR. WEST: Yes. We would agree with the plaintiffs, we don't have any plans to request an evidentiary hearing either. We think that this case, as I believe you stated in your scheduling order, it could be stipulated to that you decide this case on the -- or I believe at least at the injunction phase, decide this on the briefs and the exhibits already submitted. Obviously, a stipulation on that point to our part would not be that we stipulate that they're all true, but just stipulate that this is a case that does not necessarily need additional evidentiary hearing, and so we don't plan on requesting one.

Indeed, we would be fine with not having a hearing at all if you wanted to just decide the issues without any kind of a hearing, although on that issue -- on that question I think we're a little bit more neutral. We're not opposed to an argument hearing with just counsel arguing, but we're also not asking for one either. I think we're somewhat neutral on that question, but not --

THE COURT: All right. Slowly and deliberately.

MR. WEST: Yes, sir. That was about all that I had
to say on -- so we are not asking for an evidentiary hearing.

We do not think that one is necessary. And we are not even asking for a hearing overall, although we are not opposed to an

argument hearing, assuming we can all get one to work with our schedules.

THE COURT: All right. Let me turn then to the remaining defendants. Who else would like to address the Court?

MR. WEITMAN: Your Honor, this is Dan Weitman for OU.

THE COURT: Go ahead. Tell me about the positions on these procedural issues that -- that the OU defendants would take.

MR. WEITMAN: Thank you, Judge. As to the motion to dismiss, I don't know that it needs to be decided before the motion for preliminary injunction, but at least in conjunction with that motion it would need to be decided because, you know, the issues raised in the motion to dismiss we think are threshold. So I don't know that you can get to the motion for preliminary injunction, against OU anyway, without dealing with the motion to dismiss.

As far as an evidentiary hearing, OU does not believe that there needs to be an evidentiary hearing. We believe that all of the evidence has been submitted with objections to that evidence and the Court can rule on that as it sees fit and can rule on the briefs with that. So we don't see the need for an evidentiary hearing in this matter.

THE COURT: All right. Anyone else that would

address the Court on behalf of any remaining defendants.

MR. FUGITT: Your Honor, this is Andy Fugitt for the Edmond defendants. And -- and just for the record, our position, the Edmond -- the position of the Edmond defendants on the motion to dismiss aligns with what Mr. Weitman has said for OU. We, likewise, do not believe that there's a need for an evidentiary hearing.

And on the issue of the -- the suggested, if you will, amendment to the amended complaint to address how the reference to the Edmond defendants, we would not object to plaintiffs' request for leave to amend to name the district, and we would not anticipate any further objection to the designation of the parties if only Edmond Public Schools, which was the named defendant in this case. Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you.

All right. I want to -- I understand the parties' positions as far as an evidentiary hearing, and I want to make sure that you-all understand what you're agreeing to. So by stating that -- and taking the position that no evidentiary hearing is needed and that the Court may decide the issues raised in the motion -- the motion for preliminary injunction on the briefs as submitted, that necessarily means that you will stipulate that the evidence, except where objected to previously, that that evidence may be considered by the Court, and in particular that affidavit testimony may be considered

1 without any right of cross-examination of those witnesses. Is 2 that the plaintiff's position? Do you so stipulate? 3 MR. SYKES: Yes, Your Honor. 4 THE COURT: And the state defendants, do you agree 5 and stipulate to that? 6 MR. WEST: This is Zach West with the attorney 7 general's office for defendants 1-18 again. And, yes, we 8 would -- the way you have phrased it, we would agree that it 9 may be considered and -- in the motion, within light of some of 10 the objections made and obviously not -- not stipulating on our 11 part that it's true, but that it may be considered. 12 THE COURT: Yes. And the OU defendants, do you 13 agree and so stipulate? MR. WEITMAN: Dan Weitman for OU. Yes, Your Honor. 14 15 THE COURT: And the Edmond defendants, do you, 16 lastly, agree and so stipulate? 17 MR. FUGITT: Andy Fugitt. Yes, Your Honor. 18 THE COURT: All right. Then we're going to proceed 19 at least on that basis. It may be that as I get into the 20 motions that -- or into the motion and the briefing that -- and I have reviewed everything submitted so far, but as I really 21 22 get down into the issues, it may be that I think that there are 23 evidentiary issues that are just going to have to be sorted out 24 through a hearing. And in that case, I'll certainly notify you 25 of that and will probably have another status conference to

discuss when and the extent of that hearing, but I'm for now going to assume that we will be able to proceed on the -- on the basis discussed and agreed to by all the parties.

I'll say as far as the question that I had raised on potentially narrowing the defendants to those folks that are really necessary to be in the case, I'm going to let counsel try to sort that out, and I would direct you to just confer amongst counsel on those issues.

In general, I will tell you in advance that I'm certainly prepared to grant a leave to amend to narrow the defendants if, you know, there is some stipulation or agreement that one particular entity or person is sufficient to achieve the purposes that you're trying to achieve through the lawsuit as to -- and I mean that as to any particular set of defendants. So if -- if you can narrow your suit against the Edmond defendants to the Edmond school district and there's a stipulation to that effect that gets you what you need, then I think that that would be in everyone's interest, but I'm going to leave it up to you. I'll just tell you in advance that I would grant any leave to amend that would be requested in that regard if it's going to streamline things and make it more efficient and easier on everyone.

Let me ask counsel in general, but particularly counsel for the plaintiffs, I would describe the briefing on the motion for preliminary injunction as, while certainly insistent about

the rights that are being asserted through the lawsuit, that there hasn't been any great manifest urgency that's been shown in the briefing.

We certainly intend to get you an order as soon as possible, but I'm not aware of any events that might provide some added urgency, something that's coming up that you're particularly concerned about, but tell me if I'm wrong on that.

MR. SYKES: Thank you, Your Honor.

Respectfully, we do think that there is a significant urgency to providing clarity to Oklahoma educators, students, and the K-12 system and higher ed as well.

THE COURT: And I certainly understand that, but I --

MR. SYKES: -- subject to.

THE COURT: Let me say, I certainly understand that in general you think that this is an urgent matter, and I didn't mean to be dismissive of that. I just note that there's no particular event that I'm aware of that means you got to have a ruling by such and such a date or things are really going to jump off a cliff. So with that clarification.

MR. SYKES: Thank you, Your Honor. No. I think in that way it's not as if we are litigating the occurrence of a particular event on a particular day that we need a decision before. So, no, there is not something in the calendar that the Court needs to see as a deadline, but I would just

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underscore the sort of underlying need for urgency. And, of course, you know, it is Black History Month around the corner, so the issue will become more pertinent in the coming weeks. THE COURT: All right. Say that again. Say that again, please. MR. SYKES: I was going to say -- sorry. trying to -- the only thing in the calendar worth noting is that Black History Month is around the corner. And, therefore, the questions that we raise and the harms that are being suffered in classrooms will only be compounded in the coming weeks. THE COURT: Understand. From the defendants, is there anything that you'd add as far as the general urgency of the determinations that need to be made by the Court? MR. WEST: Zach West with, again, defendants 1-18. No, I don't think we would add anything. We are not aware of any specific dates at which there would need to be some -- some decision made by. Anything from either of the OU THE COURT: defendants or the Edmond defendants in that regard? MR. WEITMAN: Dan Weitman for OU. We have nothing to add, Judge. MR. FUGITT: Andy Fugitt for the Edmond defendants. Your Honor, I would just point out that K-12 curriculum in

Edmond, and I anticipate every K-12 school district, was set last July, August, and is in place through the end of this calendar school year. Thank you.

THE COURT: All right. Okay. That answers all of my questions for now, at least, as far as the procedures to be followed in determining the motion for preliminary injunction.

Is there anything else that we can get accomplished while we're all together? Anything from the plaintiffs?

MR. SYKES: Emerson Sykes for the plaintiffs again, Your Honor.

The only thing I would just add to your last question is the one thing that's in the calendar that is relevant is that the state is right now collecting comments on the -- implementing regulations and rules for HB1775. So to the extent that the Court can provide clarity before the state, you know, has to come up with rules implementing an unconstitutional law, we think that that is a change that is imminent in the process that's ongoing as well. But other than that, I think we have covered what we hoped to cover today and look forward to hearing from you.

THE COURT: All right. So right now is the operative rule still the emergency rule that had been implemented?

MR. WEST: Zach West with defendants 1-18. Your Honor, I believe that is correct, that the emergency rules that

1 have been in place for awhile are still the operative rules. 2 THE COURT: And there is a process underway for a 3 permanent rule? 4 MR. WEST: Yes, Your Honor. 5 And can you give me any sense of the THE COURT: 6 timeline on that? 7 Unfortunately, Your Honor, I do not have MR. WEST: 8 the specifics of that in front of me. If need be, I can easily 9 determine those within the next probably 30 minutes and flag 10 that for the Court, but I do not have the exact specifics in 11 front of me of when the comments are due and then when the rule has to actually be released. It is, I think, fairly soon, but 12 13 I hesitate to say a date because I'm just not certain. 14 THE COURT: Is all of that public record, I would 15 assume? 16 MR. WEST: I would assume so, yes. I believe so. 17 I -- I think I have received it from talking to people that 18 it's, you know, not in public record, but I assume that you 19 could look that up in public record as well. 20 I'm going to do that then. And if it THE COURT: 21 turns out that I have some questions after that, then I may 22 require some additional briefs or just a notice that the 23 parties might jointly submit just so I have a -- a sense of 24 where the calendar is on that. 25 Turning then to the OU defendants and the Edmond

1 defendants, my question was is there anything else that we can 2 get accomplished while we're all together? 3 MR. WEITMAN: Dan Weitman for the OU defendants. Your Honor, I think the only other thing, I think the 4 5 defendants jointly filed a motion to strike, or in the 6 alternative for a sur-reply, and I don't know if anything has 7 come of that yet. If there's going to be a sur-reply, I think 8 we'd kind of like the opportunity to submit that before your 9 consideration. 10 I will certainly answer that question 11 before -- or if I answer it in the -- in the alternative where 12 I would allow the sur-reply, I would certainly do that before 13 issuing a final determination. Anything else from the Edmond defendants? 14 15 MR. FUGITT: Your Honor, Andy Fugitt. Nothing 16 further from us. Thank you. 17 THE COURT: All right. Okay. Thank you, everyone. 18 I appreciate all the input and will move forward under the 19 basis discussed, as I said, with the caveat that it may be that 20 I decide that an evidentiary hearing is just needed whether you think it's not, but I'm going to try to do it on the briefs and 21 22 we'll see how that goes. 23

Thank you, all. All right.

We are adjourned.

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(Court adjourned.)

REPORTER'S CERTIFICATION

I, Emily Cripe, Federal Official Realtime Court
Reporter, in and for the United States District Court for the
Western District of Oklahoma, do hereby certify that pursuant
to Section 753, Title 28, United States Code that the foregoing
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/S/ Emily Cripe

EMILY CRIPE, CSR

Dated this 19th day of October, 2023.

Federal Official Court Reporter

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